ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND HERITAGE COUNCIL

ACTION PLAN TO ADVANCE RECONCILIATION

Introduction

The Council of Australian Governments (COAG) agreed that governments can make a real difference in the lives of Indigenous peoples by addressing social and economic disadvantage, including life expectancy, and improving governance and service delivery arrangements with Indigenous peoples. Drawing on lessons from the mixed success of efforts in the past to address Indigenous disadvantage, the COAG committed itself to an approach based on priority actions in three areas:

- 1. Investing in community leadership initiatives.
- 2. Reviewing and re-engineering programs and services to ensure they deliver practical measures that support families, children and young peoples. In particular, governments agreed to look at measures for tackling family violence, drug and alcohol dependency and other symptoms of community dysfunction; and
- 3. Forging greater links between the business sector and Indigenous communities to help promote economic independence.

COAG agreed that Ministerial Councils would develop Action Plans and performance monitoring strategies. The Environment Protection and Heritage Council (EPHC) Action Plan takes into account COAG requirements, in light of the objective and scope of the EPHC and the EPHC Terms of Reference, which include a requirement to "support Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's participation in environment and heritage protection."

This Action Plan illustrates the commitment of the EPHC to reconciliation and to integrating Indigenous peoples' interests into the management of the environment and heritage.

Objectives of this Action Plan

To recognise the significance to, interests in and contribution of Indigenous peoples to environment protection and heritage issues. To promote the effective involvement of Indigenous peoples in management and protection of environment and heritage, and in particular their principal involvement in managing their own cultural heritage.

Principles

The following principles underpin the Action Plan and its implementation:

- Environment protection and heritage are integral to the social, economic and spiritual well-being of Indigenous peoples;
- Indigenous peoples are recognised as the first Australians and have a unique status as key stakeholders, clients and partners in the protection of the

environment and heritage;

- Indigenous peoples are providers of environmental and heritage services and contribute to the achievement of national environmental and heritage objectives;
- Working in effective partnership with Indigenous peoples is an essential part of achieving EPHC objectives and vision; and
- Effective evaluation and monitoring informs EPHC policies and programs.

EPHC acknowledges that Indigenous peoples have significant interests in issues spanning sectoral or portfolio boundaries, such as protection and management of the environment, and management of natural and cultural heritage and natural resources. EPHC is committed to working in partnership with relevant ministerial councils, including the Natural Resources Management Ministerial Council, the Australian Health Ministers' Conference the Cultural Ministers' Council, the ministerial councils responsible for World Heritage sites, as well as MCATSIA, to ensure that Indigenous interests are adequately considered across sectors.

The EPHC believes a national framework that provides strategic principles and direction, with each jurisdiction retaining the flexibility to develop and implement its own strategies based on local needs and circumstances, will result in improved outcomes.

Priorities

To implement the Action Plan the EPHC will:

Share Information and Raise Awareness

- 1. Improve its understanding of Indigenous knowledge about, and relationship with, the environment and cultural heritage, and use this knowledge to improve the development of programs.
- 2. Improve access to environment protection and heritage information by Indigenous communities.

Act in Partnership

- 3. Develop best practice consultation procedures for addressing Indigenous peoples' environment and heritage protection issues.
- 4. Encourage community-based approaches to environmental protection and heritage issues, where appropriate.

Develop Policies and Programs

- 5. Develop best practice guidelines for the identification and management of Indigenous heritage (as part of an integrated national heritage policy)
- 6. Ensure that environment protection policies, programs, and National Environment Protection Measures will be developed and evaluated with reference to the needs of Indigenous peoples. Note that National Environment Protection Measures seek to provide people with *equivalent* protection from air, water, or soil pollution and from noise.

Measure, Review, Evaluate and Respond

- 7. Evaluate the effectiveness of this Action Plan and its implementation annually.
- 8. Review the Action Plan as needed.

Actions

Through its Action Plan, EPHC will carry out specific actions in each of the priority areas enumerated above.

ACTIONS

1. Share Information and Raise Awareness

Action	Output and/or Performance Measure	Outcome
Council and Standing Committee to	Session completed	Enhanced
participate in an information session led by		understanding by
Indigenous people on Indigenous issues		EPHC and Standing
relating to environmental protection and		Committee members of
cultural heritage.		Indigenous issues.
Ongoing review of EPHC workplan to	EPHC workplan	EPHC workplan
ensure appropriate input of Indigenous	reviewed and amended	supports the COAG
knowledge	as required.	reconciliation
		framework.
As a first step, develop case studies	Case studies	Improved information
illustrating effective mechanisms for	developed.	base for jurisdictions
improving access by Indigenous peoples to		(as a first step to
environment protection and heritage		improved
information.		communication).

2. Act in Partnership

Action	Output and/or	Outcome
	Performance Measure	
Develop and implement best practice	Enhanced version of	Improved consultation
consultation procedures to address	current NEPC	
environment protection and heritage issues	consultation protocol	
relevant to Indigenous peoples.		
EPHC develops and uses inter-Council	MCATSIA involvement	Enhanced program
mechanisms to ensure partnerships with	on relevant issues.	design and delivery.
MCATSIA and other relevant ministerial		
councils on Indigenous issues		
EPHC, where appropriate, develops its	Identification of and	Improved
relationships with key Indigenous bodies.	links with Indigenous	communication with
·	organisations where	representatives of
	appropriate.	Indigenous groups.
EPHC will encourage Indigenous	Working group	EPHC can enhance
representation on Council working groups.	membership details	Indigenous
	reported by EPHC	representation and can
	annually.	encourage change as
	_	appropriate.
EPHC develop links from its website to	Links put in place.	Broader access to and
agency websites that provide details of		understanding of
relevant activities by agencies.		programs.
As a first step, jurisdictions be encouraged	Case studies	Broader access to and
to document existing examples of	developed.	understanding of
community-based approaches to	_	programs.
environmental protection and heritage		
issues.		

Action	Output and/or	Outcome
	Performance Measure	
Place documented case studies as outlined in this Action Plan on websites	Case studies placed on websites	Broader access to and understanding of
		programs.

3. Develop Policies and Programs

Action	Output and/or Performance Measure	Outcome
Develop best practice guidelines for the identification and management of Indigenous heritage (as part of the Integrated Heritage Policy)	Best practice guidelines developed.	Improved cultural heritage protection
EPHC to develop a best practice model for policy development. Along with consideration of the 'Filter Criteria', this will require that the EPHC Action Plan is taken into account in policy development.	The EPHC Action Plan forms part of an EPHC checklist for the development of new proposals and projects.	Adequate recognition of Indigenous issues into EPHC business.
Share information on effective case management of economic enterprises based on cultural and Indigenous heritage.	This information is reflected in project development	Improvement in program quality and focus on improved and ecologically sustainable economic self-reliance for Indigenous communities
For programs delivered by EPHC, promote indigenous employment and self-management opportunities [for example, as part of a proposed national strategy to promote heritage tourism in rural and regional Australia]	Greater participation by Indigenous peoples in economic enterprises	Improved and ecologically sustainable economic self-reliance for Indigenous communities
Explore the development of tools to integrate Indigenous cultural heritage protection into resource management and conservation programs and environmental protection, in partnership with NRM Ministerial Council	Development of tools	Enhanced consideration and protection of Indigenous cultural issues
Consult with ministerial councils responsible for World Heritage sites on the potential for inclusion of Indigenous heritage issues in the listing and management of those sites	Potential for inclusion of Indigenous heritage issues in World Heritage sites	Enhanced consideration and protection of Indigenous cultural issues

4. Measure, Review, Evaluate and Respond

Action	Output and/or	Outcome
	Performance Measure	
EPHC to develop a set of key indicators of Indigenous involvement and participation in national environment protection and heritage activities, based, in the first instance, on MCATSIA and SoE indicators. EPHC will work with NRMMC on this matter.	Key environment protection and heritage indicators developed and agreed.	Indigenous involvement monitored.
 EPHC to consider the experiences of jurisdictions and feedback from MCATSIA & ATSIC in implementing the reconciliation framework to: identify opportunities to enable increased Indigenous involvement; identify opportunities for cooperation and streamlining of program 	EPHC takes into account implementation experience of jurisdictions and of other Councils.	Progress regarding implementation of the COAG reconciliation framework which is monitored and evaluated.
development and delivery	EPHC provide a summary of activities and highlight best practice.	Programs redesigned to take in suggested improvements.
EPHC reviews the Action Plan as needed.	The Action Plan is reviewed and revised as required.	The Action Plan remains a dynamic and relevant document.
EPHC will report annually to COAG on the outcomes achieved under this Action Plan.	Annual report to COAG completed	Progress can be monitored by COAG and made available to external parties